United States History Semester One Study Guide

Part I Turn of the Century - Use Roosevelt and the Progressive Movement PowerPoints located under Turn of the Century project – 20 points

Issue 1: The Two Sides of Money

- Bessemer Process
- Transcontinental R.R.
- Vertical Integration and Horizontal Integration
- Capitalism
- Social Darwinism
- Gospel of Wealth and Andrew Carnegie
- John D. Rockefeller
- Reform Darwinism
- Ruthless Robber Barons
- Captains of Industry

Issue 2: Suffrage

- 1 anti-suffrage argument and 1 pro-suffrage argument
- Susan B. Anthony and Elizabeth Cady Stanton

Issue 3: Immigration

- Chinese Exclusion Act
- Ellis Island and Angel Island

Issue 4: Urbanization

- Why did cities grow so quickly? Problems created?
- Tenement buildings and the Tenement House Act

Issue 5: Labor

- Labor conditions
- Strategies used by unions?
- Haymarket Strike
- Child labor conditions
- Mother Jones and Florence Kelley
- Socialism and Eugene Debs

Other terms and names – Use Theodore Roosevelt and Progressive Movement PowerPoint

- Progressivism
- Theodore Roosevelt
- Muckrakers
- Jacob Riis
- Upton Sinclair and the Jungle - Meat Inspection Act of 1906
- W.E.B. DuBois and NAACP
- Literacy tests, Poll taxes, and Grandfather clauses
- Jim Crow Laws
Part II: WWI – this section will be fill in the blank, True and False and Essay

**Part II: WWI Terms and concepts to Study – Study notes from WWI PowerPoint MAIN Causes and PowerPoint on U.S. Involvement in WWI – This section will be fill in the blank True and False and essay. This section is worth 30 points**

- Allies and Central Powers
- WWI called the War to end all wars and the Great War – why?
- Arch Duke Franz Ferdinand
- Kaiser Wilhelm II
- Secret treaties
- America's position at the outbreak of the war – neutral – Why?
- Submarine warfare- The German U-Boat and Wilson’s response
- Lusitania
- Sussex and Arabic Pledges
- Unrestricted submarine Warfare
- Zimmerman note
- Reasons for U.S. declaration of war on Germany
- Wilson’s “make the world safe for democracy”
- Wilson’s Fourteen Points
- The AEF – American Expeditionary Force
- The selective service act – drafting for the war
- Propaganda – George Creel and Liberty Bonds
- American civil liberties during the war – espionage and sedition acts
- What did “make America safe for Democracy first” mean?
- Hate the Hun Campaigns
- Socialists, Pacifists and Communists
- 18th and 19th amendments
- Women's efforts in WWI
- Loans
- Battle of the Somme and Battle of Meuse Argonne
- Russia’s withdrawal from the war and its effect – why did Russia pull out of the war?
- America’s main contributions to the Allied victory
- Wilson’s ultimate goal at Versailles
- Opposition to the League of Nations – why did America and Congress oppose the war?
- League of Nations

**Prepare for these essays – see Main Causes and U.S. Involvement PowerPoints**

- Describe the Main Causes of WWI and underlying causes
- Describe three-four reasons why the United States finally entered the war on the Allied side.
- Describe three to four of Wilson's 14 points and why did the Treaty of Versailles ultimately fail

**Study WWI Map – 10 points**
The Roaring Twenties – 10 points Matching

- Red Scare and Palmer Raids
- Sacco and Vanzetti
- KKK
- Scopes Trial
- Prohibition – 18th Amendment
- Speakeasy
- Bath Tub Gin
- Rum Runners
- Volstead Act
- Izzy and Moe
- St. Valentine’s Massacre
- Babe Ruth
- Henry Ford
- Radio
- Jazz Age
- Harlem Renaissance
- Charles Lindbergh
- Flappers
- The Automobile/Model T
- 19th Amendment
- The Ohio Gang
- President Harding

Persuasive Essay – Honors will have to use persuasive essay format – 20 points:
Prohibition: Success or Failure